



Banbury Specifications

| Test | Test Method | Measurement Unit | Result |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Tear strength | UNI EN ISO 3377-2 | N | > = 80 |
| Tensile strength | UNI EN ISO 3376 | N/mm ² | > = 10 |
| Water vapour permeability | DIN 53333 | mg/cm ² h | > = 5 |
| Colour fastness to rubbing - Dry 50 Cycles Pad staining Change leather colour (*) | UNI EN ISO 11640 | Grey Scale | > = 3 |
| Colour fastness to rubbing - Wet 20 Cycles Pad staining Change leather colour (*) | UNI EN ISO 11640 | Grey Scale | > = 3 |

(*) This specification is not guaranteed on dark colours

This leather has been subjected to the Biobased measurement method certified from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The biobased percentage represents the organic carbon that originates from renewable material, compared to fossil carbon. The analytical method used to quantify the amount is in according to ASTM International D6866.

Banbury is a soft suede with a velvety feel. It is suitable for multiple purposes including footwear and leather goods. It is of European origin meaning the hides are good quality with limited imperfections. The average thickness is 1.2 - 1.4mm. It is known as split shoulders and has an average size of 1.3 - 1.6 square metres - not usual hide size.

The material has been chrome tanned, through dyed and has an aniline finish.

What you should know about ordering leather

Due to the beautiful natural characteristics of leather, there may be some variation in shade and texture within a hide, and between hides. Although hides are free from excessive scars, there is always some evidence of their natural origin. Size will also vary between hides, but a typical hide is between 1.3 - 1.6m². Please contact us for sizes available.

Samples are a good guide to colour and finish, but you should bear in mind an exact match cannot be guaranteed.